

SUBSTITUTE SPECIFICATION

TITLE OF THE INVENTION:

5 Nectarine Tree 'S 6817'

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS:

None

10 **PRIORITY CLAIM:**

This application claims priority of U.S. Provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/404,173 filed August 15, 2002.

STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR

15 **DEVELOPMENT:**

None

LATIN NAME OF THE GENUS AND SPECIES OF THE PLANT CLAIMED:

Prunus persica L. Batsch.

20

VARIETY DENOMINATION:

'S 6817'

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5

10

The new nectarine tree 'S 6817' was developed by the Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique (INRA) at Angers, France, as part of a controlled breeding program. 'S 6817' was one of several seedlings resulting from a cross of [(Kiang-Si x Independence) x Summergrand] x Marsun (all unpatented). 'S 6817' was asexually propagated by budding at Angers, France, and has been observed to remain true to type over successive asexually propagated generations.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

'S 6817' was selected for its suitability as a commercial nectarine tree cultivar. Fruit of the 'S 6817' cultivar matures in late August in central Washington state, and is notable for its oblate shape. The fruit of 'S 6817' is distinguishable from that of the parent varieties by its oblate shape and smooth skin. The characteristics which distinguish 'S 6817' from its parents are set forth in Table 1.

Table 1

Variety	Fruit Type	Shape	Flesh Color
S 6817	Nectarine	Flat	Yellow
Kiang-Si	Peach	Flat	Yellow
Independence	Nectarine	Round	Yellow
Summergrand	Nectarine	Round	Yellow
Marsun	Peach	Round	Yellow

This variety is distinguishable over related variety 'S 6816' (U.S. Patent Application Ser. No. 10/642,442) by its later maturity date and larger and slightly astringent fruit.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS:

FIG. 1 shows a tree of the new cultivar;

FIG. 2 shows branches and blossoms of the new cultivar;

FIG. 3 shows a tree of the new cultivar;

FIG. 4 shows fruit and leaves of the new cultivar; and

FIG. 5 shows a sectioned fruit of the new cultivar.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE VARIETY:

The following is a detailed botanical description of 'S 6817,' a new and distinct nectarine

tree, based on observations made during the 2004 growing season, of specimens planted at Parker,

Washington, USA, in 2001. The described trees were grown on 'Lovell' (not patented) rootstock.

All colors are described according to the Royal Horticultural Society Color Chart. It should be

understood that the botanical and analytical characteristics described will vary somewhat depending

upon cultural practices and climatic conditions, and can vary with location and season. Quantified

measurements are expressed as an average of measurements taken from a number of individual

plants of the new variety. The measurements of any individual plant, or any group of plants, of the

new variety may vary from the stated average.

20 Tree

5

10

15

Type

Non-spur type

Vigor

Strong

3

Habit

Upright, spreading

Size

Width 3.2 m; height 1.9 m

Trunk

Diameter 23.8 cm at soil level; bark very rough; overcolor grey

201D; undercolor grey-orange 166D; lenticels 0.4 to 0.6 cm,

5

yellow 159A

Flowering Branch

Size

Lateral branch diameter 2.6 cm, length 40.4 cm (previous season

growth); internode length 2.8 to 4.9 cm

Color

Greyed-red 178A

10 Anthocyanin coloration

Present, medium intensity, red-purple 60B

Buds

Abundance of flower buds

Many

Distribution of flower buds

Generally in groups of two or more

Bud burst

March 20 at Parker, Washington

15 Duration of flowering

March 20 to April 7 at Parker, Washington

Bud size

Length 0.8 to 0.9 cm

Bud shape

Elongated with blunt tip, smooth

Bud color

Red-purple 60A, tip pink 68B

Tolerance to cold

Hardy

20 Flower

Type

Showy

Calyx color (open flower before falling of petals) Orange

Petals Quantity 5; length 1.6 to 1.7 cm, width 1.2 to 1.4 cm; margins

ruffled, overlapping; shape rotund; color at tip pink 69C, at base

pink 70B

Flower size Diameter 3.9 to 4.0 cm

5 Fragrance Mild

Sepals Length 0.4 to 0.5 cm, width 0.3 to 0.4 cm; red-purple 60A

Reproductive organs Stamen white 155D, quantity 32, length 0.9 to 1.0 cm; anther

length 0.5 cm; filament 0.8 to 0.9 cm; pistil 1.1 to 1.2 cm, smooth,

yellow 1A

10 Pollen Semi-abundant, yellow 1A

Leaves

Size Large, length14.5 cm, width 3.0 cm

Ratio length/width Medium

Leaf shape Oblanceolate, upfolded, tip recurved downward, base nearly right

angle, equilateral, apex acuminate

Leaf margin Serrulate

Leaf color Upper surface green 147A; lower surface green 144A, anthocyanin

coloration absent

Petiole

20 Size Length 1.0 cm, diameter 0.1 cm

Color Green 149D

Glands Present, usually more than 2, reniform

Fruit

Size Medium, diameter 8.6 cm

Shape in profile view Oblate, very flat

Shape of tip Bowl shaped depressed

5 Symmetry when cut along suture Asymmetric

Suture Marked

Depth of petiole cavity Shallow, 1.2 cm

Width of petiole cavity Medium, 4.0 cm

Skin Thin, smooth, tenacious; ground color yellow-orange 19A,

10 overcolor red 45A

Firmness of flesh Firm, crisp

Flesh texture Fine

Color Yellow-orange 23C

Anthocyanin coloration directly under skin Absent

15 Anthocyanin coloration of the flesh Absent

Anthocyanin coloration around the stone Present, red 43A

Pit cavity Diameter 2.6 cm, color red-purple 59C

Flavor Sub-acid

Sugar content of flesh Medium, 12.5° Brix

20 Stone

Size Small in relation to fruit, diameter 26 mm

Shape Flat, round, surface texture ridged

Color Red, 53A

Likelihood of stone to split Absent or very weak

Degree of adherence to flesh Medium, semi-freestone

Maturity

5 Time of maturity Late, beginning August 27 at Parker, Washington; requires more

than one picking

Preharvest drop Some occurrence

Heat and cold tolerance Tolerant in area tested (USDA Zone 6)

Resistance to diseases and pests None observed